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1. EGYPT NOT BELIEVED PREPARING EARLY OFFENSIVE AGAINST ISRAEL

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is no positive evidence" that Egypt at this time is taking military, political or psychological measures which would indicate preparation for a large-scale offensive against Israel.

Egypt's armed forces have gradually been placed on a war footing, but American observers believe they are not now capable of launching a successful offensive action. The army is believed to be deployed defensively, only a small percentage of pilots are near combat readiness with Soviet-bloc equipment, and a large number of navy personnel are still training abroad.

Prime Minister Nasr and his associates appear confident that time is on Egypt's side, and it appears Nasr stands to gain much more politically from the continued danger of war with Israel than from the "liquidation" of this danger. Nasr, it is felt, also needs time to set up a quasi-civilian regime which would make him more independent of the army, and war now would not serve this purpose.

While the Egyptian people are psychologically prepared to rally behind the government in case of war, no special effort has been made to whip up enthusiasm.

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2. KING SAUD SAYS HE WILL RENEW DHAHRAN AIRFIELD AGREEMENT

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25X1A		King Saud told Ambassador Wadsworth on 21 March that he had decided to renew the Dhahran airfield agreement with the United States.
	president Quwatli Syria would arran Saudi Arabia. Th from such a sourc him. He did agre	The king said that during his recent meet- Egyptian prime minister Nasr and Syrian it had been suggested to him that Egypt and ge to obtain arms from the Soviet bloc for e king said he replied he would take no arms be unless the United States refused to supply e to accept from Egypt 25 British jet planes, types of arms of non-Communist origin.
	support them in the	Saud also stated Nasr and Quwatli felt as unist penetration had to be resisted, and esired assistance from the United States to alse effort. The king reasserted the necessity to keep Israel from resuming work on diver water.
	certainly intended his expectation of toward Israel. The	Saud's statement regarding renewal of the Dhahran airfield agreement was almost to be qualified by his other statements on American arms support and American policy he king usually leaves more direct bargainhis entourage, as presumably will be the ce.
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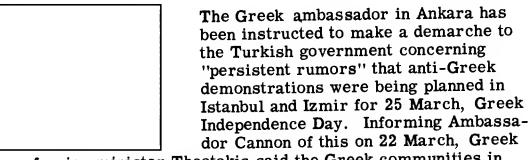
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3. GREEKS FEAR NEW ANTI-GREEK DEMONSTRATIONS IN TURKEY

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foreign minister Theotokis said the Greek communities in Istanbul and Izmir were in such a state of alarm that Independence Day ceremonies in Istanbul had been canceled and the Greek consul general in Izmir had taken up the reports with the local governor.

On 23 March, the governor of Istanbul issued a communiqué referring to "harmful insinuations... fabricated to annoy and agitate our Greek compatriots" and announced that 'even the slightest disturbance will not be tolerated."

Comment

Similar reports were received in Athens immediately before the anti-Greek riots in Istanbul and Izmir last September. A repetition of those riots on the same scale could hardly happen now without the acquiescence of the Turkish government, since Istanbul is still under martial law. However, isolated attacks on the Greek community in Istanbul could occur at any time.

Tension between Greece and Turkey is still increasing, and clashes on Cyprus between Greek and Turkish Cypriots will inevitably have repercussions in both countries.

The feeling of insecurity of the Greek element in Istanbul persists because of recurrent suggestions in the Turkish parliament and press for a new population exchange to be arranged between Greece and Turkey.

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4. INDONESIAN PRESIDENT'S ATTITUDE ON NEW CABINET GIVES OPENING TO COMMUNISTS

25X1A	President Sukarno's statement on 21 March that the new Indonesian cabinet is "not perfect" will enable the Communists to use the president's prestige to undermine the new coalition, according to the American embassy in Diakorta. The Communist
	ing to the American embassy in Djakarta. The Communist press has already exploited the president's stand, emphasizing that the Communists want to unite the nation, and calling on the people to work for a change in the cabinet's composition.

Comment

Sukarno reportedly wanted to include a

Communist sympathizer in the otherwise
fairly moderate cabinet, and delayed five days before giving
the cabinet his approval, presumably because the Communists had been excluded. He has stated several times during the past few months that in view of the Communists' unexpectedly large popular vote in the 1955 elections, they are
"acceptable" as long as they work for "national unity."

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5. EAST GERMAN COMMUNISTS CONFUSED BY SHIFT IN LINE ON STALIN

5X1A 		25X1
	ficials in the middle and lower echelons of the Socialist Unity (Communist) Party were totally unprepared for the sudden shift in party line on Stalin. Many party members were demanding clarification from the top leadership.	25X
	25X1 there were serious differences of opinion among party members regarding the extent of Stalin's guilt and that some Communists rejected the new concept of the former Soviet leader.	

Comment This reaction apparently predates knowledge by the party's rank and file of Khrushchev's speech to a secret session of the Soviet congress condemning Stalin.

In a speech in Berlin on 17 March, Ulbricht tried to clarify the new concept of Stalin and admitted that his open condemnation of the former dictator on 4 March had created much confusion. Ulbricht's 4 March statement in which he said that Stalin could not be "counted among the classic figures of Marxism" was the first open criticism of Stalin to follow the Soviet party congress.

Although the resultant confusion among party members creates some problems for the leadership, it is not believed that it will have any immediate effect on the stability of the regime.

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6. YUGOSLAV OFFICIAL COMMENTS ON KHRUSHCHEV'S ATTACK ON STALIN

The Yugoslavs have obtained a summary of the Khrushchev speech condemning Stalin, according to Franc Kos, a high Yugoslav Foreign Ministry offinate while this version was incomplete, the Yugoslavs felt it contained the gist of what occurred. They expect even further revelations in the course of the "rehabilitation" of Stalin victims, of whom they say 7,000 have already been "rehabilitated," although not all of these are alive.

Kos said that there was no indication when Khrushchev and Bulganin visited Belgrade last May that they were undertaking a plan to destroy Stalinism. The Soviet leaders had consistently rejected Yugoslav statements that Stalin was primarily responsible for the 1948 break and had insisted that Beria had deceived Stalin.

Kos indicated his belief that if last October's foreign ministers' conference in Geneva were held now, the results would be much more satisfactory, particularly with respect to East-West contacts. Kos doubted that the Cominform would be formally dissolved, but suggested instead that the USSR may be allowing it to lapse.

Kos said that the Yugoslav attitude to these Soviet developments was to "wait and see" until deeds match words but that Yugoslavia was not prepared to say this publicly.

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	A marked decline in flying activity by the Egyptian air force during the last ten days While this may have been intended to conserve fuel, there is no indication of a fuel shortage. Movement of Egyptian aircraft to Sinai airfields, while possible. is unconfirmed.	25X1
	25X1A Syrian troops have reoccupied positions on the northeast side of Lake Tiberias which were destroyed by the Israeli raid last December and fortifications have been constructed in a narrow strip which is claimed by Israel. The Syrians are also reported to be using	25X1A 25X1

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